高雄醫學大學 102 學年度學士後醫學系招生考試試題

科目:英文 考試時間:80分鐘

説明:一、	「選擇題」	用2B鉛筆在	「答案卡」	上作答,	修正時應.	以橡皮	擦擦拭,	不得使用
	修正液(帶),未遵照」	E確作答方	法而致電	冠腦無法判	讀者,	考生自行	負責。

二、「非選擇題」部分以「答案卷」作答,作答時不得使用鉛筆,違者該科答案卷不予計分:限用里台或藍台黑水的筆畫官。

I.	Vocab	ulary.	20	points
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(A) intimidating

	不予計分	;限用黑色或藍	色墨水的筆書寫。		
	三、試題、答	案卡及答案卷必须	須繳回,不得攜出	試場。	
A	Vocabulary. 20 points A. Please choose the <u>best</u> 【單選題】每題 1 分,			、題零分為止,未作答,	不給分亦不扣分。
1.	The Philippines should r negotiations on a fisheric (A) offenders	1 0,	compensate for the losses possible. (C) administrators	s, punish the perpetrator (D) fishermen	s, and initiate (E) founders
2.			aborative global develop	. ,	. ,
۷.	deliver content and cases (A) joint			(D) separate	(E) consistent
3.	relationship between the	novelist Balzac and the		•	•
	(A) development	(B) authenticity	(C) supremacy	(D) validity	(E) epistemology
4.	Her right hand, bent with physical deformity .	n arthritis, curved over a	a stick on which she leant	so heavily as to give her	the appearance of
	(A) prowess	(B) therapy	(C) jerks	(D) decline	(E) defect
5.	Literature is a luxury; fic (A) accessory	etion is a <u>necessity</u> . (B) extravagance	(C) option	(D) assortment	(E) requirement
F	B. Please choose the <u>best</u>	answer to complete ea	nch sentence.		
6.	•		ief that internet addiction evertheless seems to	· · ·	y to interpret the world
	(A) attest to	(B) opposite to		(D) testimony to	(E) substitute for
7.	A wave of overca back to 1977.				
	(A) utopia	(B) nostalgia	(C) aphasia	(D) hypochondria	(E) insomnia
8.	The police the rio (A) disparaged	tous crowd by spraying (B) disdained	the demonstrators with f (C) discriminated	ire hoses and firing bullet (D) discerned	ts over their heads. (E) dissipated
9.	You paid NT \$50,000 for (A) ripped off	r the smartphone? Well, (B) robbed of	you got (C) ticked off	(D) made off	(E) knocked off
10.	Her hard work has paid (A) doubling	offthe company now h (B) dwindling	as 10 employees, and sal (C) dropping	es are each year. (D) deteriorating	(E) diminishing
11.	Biologists offer this(A) intuition	as an explanation: if (B) analogy	the genome is the hardwa (C) anticipation	are, then the epigenome is (D) appearance	s the software. (E) propensity
12.	Bygren and other scienti somehow leave an			sting that powerful enviro	onmental conditions can
	(A) ink	(B) mileage	(C) showcase	(D) imprint	(E) imagery
13.	Her energy, her passion a	and her relentless optim	ism are infectious,	all of us who've had the	chance to work with her.

(D) infringing

(E) neglecting

(C) inspiring

(B) enhancing

14.	valuable argument	important literary discu	ussion about nineteenth-o	century Britain.	
	(A) submits to	(B) contributes to	(C) amounts to	(D) superior to	(E) succumbs to
15.	Despite the heated debate (A) consensus	e that lasted for hours, the (B) complex	nere was no amon (C) consciousness	g the committee members (D) compliment	s last night. (E) conscience
16.	The skills she had learnt a highly, so she start			ization, as well as researc	h and analysis – were
	(A) noticeable	(B) profitable	(C) transferable	(D) sustainable	(E) rechargeable
17.	Despite the obvioushusband and wife in their		ling children's education	, there are noticeable rese	mblances between the
	(A) insights	(B) similarities	(C) correspondence	(D) assimilation	(E) discrepancy
18.	Following the direction of East and West, traditional	l and		-	-
	(A) conservative	(B) contemporary	(C) competitive	(D) combative	(E) contingent
19.	Our sexuality ever (A) permeates	ry sphere of our lives, ar (B) permits	nd our cultures determine (C) preserves	e its shades of tolerance a (D) presumes	nd acceptance. (E) predicts
20.	In the span of a single day (A) upheaval	y, the small town of Ric (B) animation	0 ,	inprecedented of to (D) exhilaration	ornadoes. (E) slaughter
	Grammar and Structure. A. Please choose the <u>best</u>	-	ach sentence.		
	軍選題】毎題 1 分,共ご	-		夏零分為止,未作答,不	給分亦不扣分。
21	the vastness of the	ir tachnology, the alien	s parished because they f	Sailed to notice a defect in	their plans
21.	(A) In addition	(B) Therefore	(C) While	(D) Since	(E) Despite
22.	the obvious need f essentially about three thi	ings: sex differentiation	, status signals and affilia	ation signals.	
	(A) Above all	(B) Accordingly	(C) Apart from	(D) Even if	(E) Nonetheless
23.	She looks so somber,(A) even	she's about to read a	a death sentence – her ow (C) as if	vn. (D) by which	(E) hence
24.	to select certain fe	atures as relevant and iş	gnore others.		
	(A) Mapmaking is define		(B) To make a map is,	•	
	(C) By definition, making(E) In making a map, the	-	(D) The mapmaking pr	cocess involves, by definit	tion,
25.	Linen's great tensile strer	ngth sailcloth and	the most delicate handm	nade laces.	
	(A) make desirable for	_	(B) making desirable	alal a	
	(C) makes it desirable for(E) makes it desirable to		(D) for making it desired	able	
26	Among the giants of the s	saa which may y	vaigh un to 900 nounds		
20.	(A) the tuna	(B) is the tuna	(C) tuna	(D) being the tuna	(E) the tuna is
27.	The charity sale went alri	ight, but it would have b	peen perfect if		
	(A) more people showed	-	` '		
	(C) the mayor should pro(E) it hasn't been so warr		(D) the prices are higher	er	
28.	In November 1865,	. The Athenaeum rated	Elizabeth Gaskell as "if	not the most popular, wi	th small question, the
	most powerful and finishe				400000000000000000000000000000000000000
	(A) reports about her dea		(B) a report about her of		
	(C) reported about her de(E) as reporting about her		(D) when reporting her	death	
29	The enraged Gernimo the		-vear guerrilla campaign	against the authorities on	both sides of the border
-/•	(A) that's become	(B) that becomes		(D) what would becom	
30.	Many personnel manager		_		
	job interviews; even if the (A) do not			qualified to hold their pos (D) usually don't	

31.	In the <u>fast-pace modern society</u> , a person can learn to <u>manage</u> stress by setting <u>realistic goals</u> , enjoying a hobby and/or A B C
	physical exercise, and by maintaining a good, warm relationship with family and friends. D E
32.	In town last week to chair the workshop, Flint was kind enough to take time off her already-brimming schedule to chat A B
	with us <u>and proved</u> every bit the creative, driven and down-to-earth person she reported to be. C D
33.	Without scholarships, student athletes often have to make the difficulty choice of athletics or academics, and many of them A B C
	concentrate on the former; <u>as a result</u> , their grades tend to <u>suffer</u> . D E
34.	Eva was the less talented native speaker of Chinese I had ever met before I became her advisor twelve years ago. A B C D E
35.	In <u>crowded</u> , <u>seethe</u> India, strains of tuberculosis that are <u>resistant</u> to all <u>known</u> TB drugs have <u>emerged</u> . A B E
36.	The columbine flower, is native to nearly all of the United States, can be raised from seed in almost any garden. A B E
37.	In <u>aging</u> societies, especially in Europe and Japan, youth unemployment makes <u>the burden of</u> funding health care and A
	pensions for retirees even heavier, since the number of taxpaid workers is curtailed and the cost of benefits that C D E
	governments must provide increases.
38.	Much of what we're seeing might well be the tumult that accompany the end of decades of tyranny and the rise of A B C D
	long-suppressed forces, but <u>it raises</u> the question. E
39.	Studies $\underline{\text{in}}$ other countries, $\underline{\text{including}}$ India's neighbor Pakistan, $\underline{\text{show}}$ that $\underline{\text{getting}}$ the private sector involved is key to $\underline{\text{increas}}$ the number of TB cases that get diagnosed.
40.	Once a week, patients who have $\underline{\text{tried}}$ and $\underline{\text{failing}}$ to $\underline{\text{treat}}$ their tuberculosis line up, $\underline{\text{frustrated}}$ and $\underline{\text{frightened}}$, and $\underline{\text{minimal prime}}$ outside his small office.

B. For each sentence, please choose one underlined part that contains faulty English.

III. Reading Comprehension. 30 points

Please read the following three excerpts/passages closely and then choose the best answer for each of the questions according to the contents.

【單選題】每題 2 分,共15 題,答錯1 題倒扣 0.5 分,倒扣至本大題零分為止,未作答,不給分亦不扣分。

Scuba diving has never been easy for me. When I was in fifth grade, the father of one of my classmates died in a scuba-diving accident. His death, along with the scenes I had watched in James Bond's movies of men left to drown hundreds of feet under water with severed air tubes, did not give me the impression that scuba diving was a safe sport. However, in eighth grade, my father asked me if I would take scuba-diving classes with him. Although I was reluctant, the important consideration was that he would be there to support me and that we would do it together. It seemed that as I grew older, we spent less time together. I wanted this opportunity to be with him.

After hours of pool work and classes, I was ready to go for my certification. My first problem was getting to the dive site. I have a slight fear of boats, which probably stems from my first boat ride, during which I developed a major case of seasickness.

This was a small obstacle compared to what was about to come. I spent the first fifteen minutes of the dive standing on the rocking deck of the dive boat, staring at the rough ocean, weak with fear. I was only able to dive into the water after a good pep talk from both my father and my dive master. I repeated the word "relax" to myself over and over and plunged in.

Even now, after five years of scuba diving, I still feel a little uneasy before submerging. However, once I have taken a deep breath and broken the surface of the water, curiosity and astonishment at the variety on the ocean floor calm my apprehensions. No sounds or disturbances break the perfect tranquility. Enormous purple fans wave in the current, and orange and red sponges just out of the coral like poppies in the meadow. When I am underwater, I can hover above the colorful, craggy coral, flying like Superman, watching schools of fish dart around in search of food, oblivious to my presence. Underwater, I am able to leave behind my worries and observe the peaceful beauty of nature.

The experience does not end with my surfacing but continues with the stories my father, the other divers, and I tell afterward. There is a high level of camaraderie among all divers. We sit around like old pirates in a dank tavern, laughing as we talk about the stingrays who search for food in our hair (an experience that was once described as "like being mugged by E.T.") or about the dive master who found a bicycle down by one of the wrecks and started to ride it around. My fellow divers do not know that I have not yet left behind my fears of diving, because once I submerge, I inhabit a different world with them.

Like learning to scuba dive, learning to read was also not easy for me. Most early-reading programs rely heavily on the teaching of phonetics. However, I have a learning disability that makes understanding sound/symbol relationships difficult. This made learning to read through the use of phonetics impossible. I was lucky, however, because I was accepted into Fenn School's Intensive Language Program. For two years (fourth and fifth grades), six other boys and I worked together, learning how to compensate for our learning differences. In this class, I developed a trait that I am very proud of: the ability to work hard—not only in my studies, but in everything I do.

But continuing even when the waters were rough, and drawing on the support of my parents and teachers, I learned to read and found an amazing world opened to me. Just as my fellow divers do not know that I am anxious about scuba diving, most of my classmates do not know that I have a learning disability. They just think that I am a diligent worker, but I know that, as with scuba diving, there is a lot more to the story.

41.	The author found,	initially,	scuba diving	neither fun ne	or safe because	of all of the	e following reasons	except
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- (A) the accident that claimed the life of a classmate's father
- (B) the seasickness he suffered during his first boat ride
- (C) the drowning scenes presented in James Bond movies
- (D) the rough ocean he saw before diving into water
- (E) the companionship he shared with fellow divers
- 42. Which of the following best describes the author?
 - (A) a fast learner
 - (B) a diligent student
 - (C) a reluctant worker
 - (D) a low achiever
 - (E) an ambitious diver
- 43. What can be safely inferred from the passage?
 - (A) The author goes to movies from time to time and enjoys story telling.
 - (B) The author takes great pride in himself for he is now a speed reader.
 - (C) Though a single parent, the author's father is very caring and supportive.
 - (D) The Fenn School's Intensive Language Program is an honor program for elite students.
 - (E) People with a learning disability inhabit a totally different world unless they go underwater.
- 44. What does the author suggest by juxtaposing scuba diving with reading?
 - (A) Scuba diving is more challenging than reading.
 - (B) Scuba divers can be equally motivated to learn phonetics and reading.
 - (C) He's conquered personal obstacles in both scuba diving and reading.
 - (D) Neither scuba diving nor reading can be learned easily by many.
 - (E) Unless with a group, it's impossible to overcome a learning disability.

45.	Once he goes underwater,	the author feels all	of the following exc	cept	
	(A) amazement	(B) apprehension	(C) peace	(D) curiosity	(E) astonishment

But at the time Darwin's book caused a conceptual earthquake. It wholly **decries** all ideas, from whatever religion or none, which up to that time had taken it for granted that humankind was special, superior and apart. In the course of doing this, in a book of striking clarity and easy access, Darwin forced a profound rethink of the workings of life, just as Newton's discoveries forced a rethink of the workings of the universe. It exerted and still exerts a radical impact on scholarship and on all the **ramifications** of the information society we now acknowledge to be so important. It has had a great influence on political philosophies ever since, often through willful but not altogether blind misunderstanding, for the worse. And it has been seen as the destroyer of the Christian, even the humanitarian and atheistic, justification for morality and ethics.

According to Daniel Dennett, Professor of Arts and Sciences at Tufts University, Massachusetts: "If I could give an award for the single best idea anybody ever had, I would give it to Darwin, because his idea just unifies in a stroke these two completely disparate worlds, until then, of the meaningless mechanical physical sciences, astronomy, physics and chemistry on the one side and the world of meaning, culture, art and of course the world of biology. One stroke shows how to unify all the sciences." Richard Dawkins, the Charles Simonyi Professor of the Public Understanding of Science at Oxford University, says, "[Darwin] discovered a principle which with hindsight seems enormously simple; it is hard to believe that anybody did not think of it before and yet nobody did, not really."

46.	In the first paragraph, the	word "decries" means	·		
	(A) expresses	(B) implements	(C) illustrates	(D) discounts	(E) extols
47.	In the first paragraph, the	word "ramifications"	means		
	(A) classification	(B) branches	(C) inconsequence	(D) deficits	(E) conundrums

- 48. According to Daniel Dennett, which of the following best describes Darwin's contribution to the scholarship?
 - (A) His idea is the best single idea in the history of natural science.
 - (B) His idea separates physics from chemistry.
 - (C) His idea differentiates meaningless world from the meaningful.
 - (D) His idea unifies what was once taken as two disparate worlds: the meaningless mechanical world and the meaningful cultural one.
 - (E) His idea crisscrosses the empirical science and social science.
- 49. What is the main idea of the first paragraph?
 - (A) Darwin's evolution theory has been pre-empted by other scholars.
 - (B) Darwin's theory endorses the traditional idea that humankind is essentially special and superior.
 - (C) Darwin's theory is a main destroyer of Christian belief.
 - (D) Darwin's theory reforms our preconceptions.
 - (E) Darwin's theory is often misread by the political philosophers.
- 50. Which of the following best fits Richard Dawkins's opinion quoted above?
 - (A) Darwin discovered something that is quite complicated.
 - (B) It is unbelievable how no one before Darwin had ever come across such a simple principle.
 - (C) Darwin's theory is hard to believe in.
 - (D) Darwin's theory discovered a principle that had already been stated by other forerunners.
 - (E) Darwin made a lucky guess.

Dr. Heidi Memmel understands exactly why Angelina Jolie opted to have a preventive double mastectomy. For a carrier of mutation (a gene which Jolie carries), the risk of developing cancer is as high as 80 to 85 percent, according to Memmel, a breast surgeon and co-medical director of Advocate Lutheran General Hospital's Caldwell Breast Center in Park Ridge. The surgery reduced Jolie's risk to about 5 percent, she said.

Memmel, who was diagnosed with breast cancer herself at age 36 and has been a survivor for nearly eight years, was surprised when Jolie made the announcement. "I was really very impressed," she said, adding that not only did Jolie have the courage and foresight to have genetic testing done and make the decision to have a preventative double mastectomy, she also did a third very important thing: she chose to share the news with the public. Because she's such a celebrity, Memmel hopes that will encourage women with a family history of breast or ovarian cancer to have genetic testing.

"I see a common misperception about genetic testing," Memmel said. "People fear it because they think it's a ticking time bomb or else they will be discriminated against (for carrying a faulty gene)." Neither is true, she said. Instead, doctors can give women who carry the gene more testing, such as an annual MRI in addition to the annual mammogram other women get (after age 40). Doctors can also give women options, such as medication or preventive mastectomy or preventive ovarian removal.

"Ovarian cancer is difficult to detect at an early stage," she said. Jolie's mother died at age 56 from ovarian cancer, according to NBCnews.com.

Memmel said the Caldwell Breast Center offers women consultations with a medical oncologist or surgeon. The doctors can determine if genetic testing is called for, she said. Women who undergo preventive mastectomy usually have immediate reconstructive surgery, and most surgeries today are a skin-saving or nipple-saving procedure that allows for good cosmetic results, Memmel said. Doctors can reconstruct breasts either by using silicone or saline implants, or by taking tissue from the abdominal area, if a woman has enough fat there. "She (Jolie) probably didn't have **that** done; she looks like a pretty skinny lady," Memmel said jokingly.

Women who choose preventive mastectomy may be heartened to know they can choose the size of the reconstructed breasts. They can be smaller, the same or bigger than the original breasts.

- 51. News about Angelina Jolie's recent surgery was _____.
 - (A) made public by the actress herself
 - (B) released by the Caldwell Breast Center
 - (C) publicized without Jolie's prior knowledge
 - (D) sold to NBCnews.com. by professional paparazzi
 - (E) spread by a celebrated cancer specialist
- 52. Based on the reading, it's evident that _____
 - (A) Dr. Heidi Memmel has been Jolie's medical advisor for years
 - (B) breast cancer can hardly be detected without a mammogram
 - (C) Jolie comes from a family with cancer history
 - (D) celebrities tend to rely heavily on genetic testing
 - (E) a mutation carrier usually has a short life-span
- 53. What does "that" at the end of paragraph 5 refer to when Dr. Memmel said that Jolie "probably didn't have that done"?
 - (A) reconstructive surgery using tissues from her belly
 - (B) breast silicone implantation
 - (C) annual breast MRI and mammogram
 - (D) mastectomy and ovarian removal
 - (E) fatty tissue in the abdominal region
- 54. Which of the following statements represents Dr. Memmel's view?
 - (A) Jolie made a hasty decision to have the preventative double mastectomy.
 - (B) The public understanding regarding genetic testing is largely accurate.
 - (C) Mastectomy can effectively lower a mutation carrier's risk of developing cancer.
 - (D) The size of breasts is important to women and, luckily, surgery is readily available.
 - (E) Spreading the news about a celebrity's medical condition is important because it's interesting.
- 55. Which of the following statements is correct, according to the reading?
 - (A) Thanks to its great value in preventative care, genetic testing is always conducted to identify a high-risk group.
 - (B) Preventive mastectomy is customarily done in hospitals to treat breast cancer.
 - (C) To ensure better cosmetic results, immediate reconstructive surgery should be avoided.
 - (D) Oncologists and surgeons often work together to cure cancer patients.
 - (E) In general, neither saline nor silicone is implanted for breast augmentation.

IV. Essay Writing. 20 points

Please write in at least 200 words a well-organized essay to express your opinion on "Every obstacle is an opportunity." Do you agree or disagree with the statement above? Give specific reasons or examples to support your ideas.

高雄醫學大學 102 學年度學士後醫學系招生考試試題

科目:有機化學

考試時間: 80 分鐘

說明:一、選擇題用 2B 鉛筆在「答案卡」上作答,修正時應以橡皮擦擦拭,不得使用修 正液(帶),未遵照正確作答方法而致電腦無法判讀者,考生自行負責。

二、試題及答案卡必須繳回,不得攜出試場。

I. Choose one correct answer for the following questions

【單選題】每題1分,共計60分,答錯1題倒扣0.25分,倒扣至本大題零分為止,未作答,不給分亦不扣分。

1. What is the **major** product obtained from the following reaction sequence?

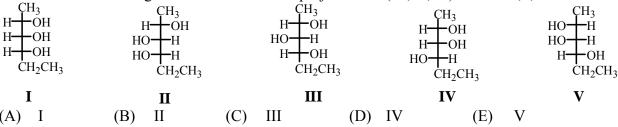
2. The hydroboration-oxidation procedure can be successfully employed for synthesis of deuterated derivatives, by using BD₃ instead of BH₃. What **major** product would you expect from the following reaction?

3. Predict the **major** product for the following reaction.

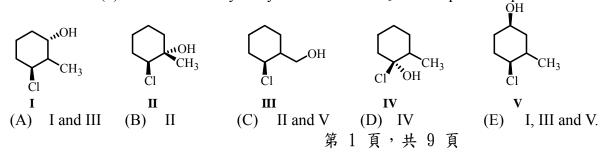
- 4. The following atoms are commonly encountered in organic molecules. For which is it not possible to isolate enantiomers due to rapid inversion?
 - (A) trivalent phosphorus
- (B) trivalent nitrogen
- (C) divalent sulfur
- (D) trivalent sulfur

- (E) both B and C
- 5. Which of these alkyl halides can **NOT** be used to prepare amines using Gabriel synthesis?
 - (A) 1-bromopentane
- (B) 1-bromo-3-methylbutane
- (C) 2-bromo-3-methylpentane

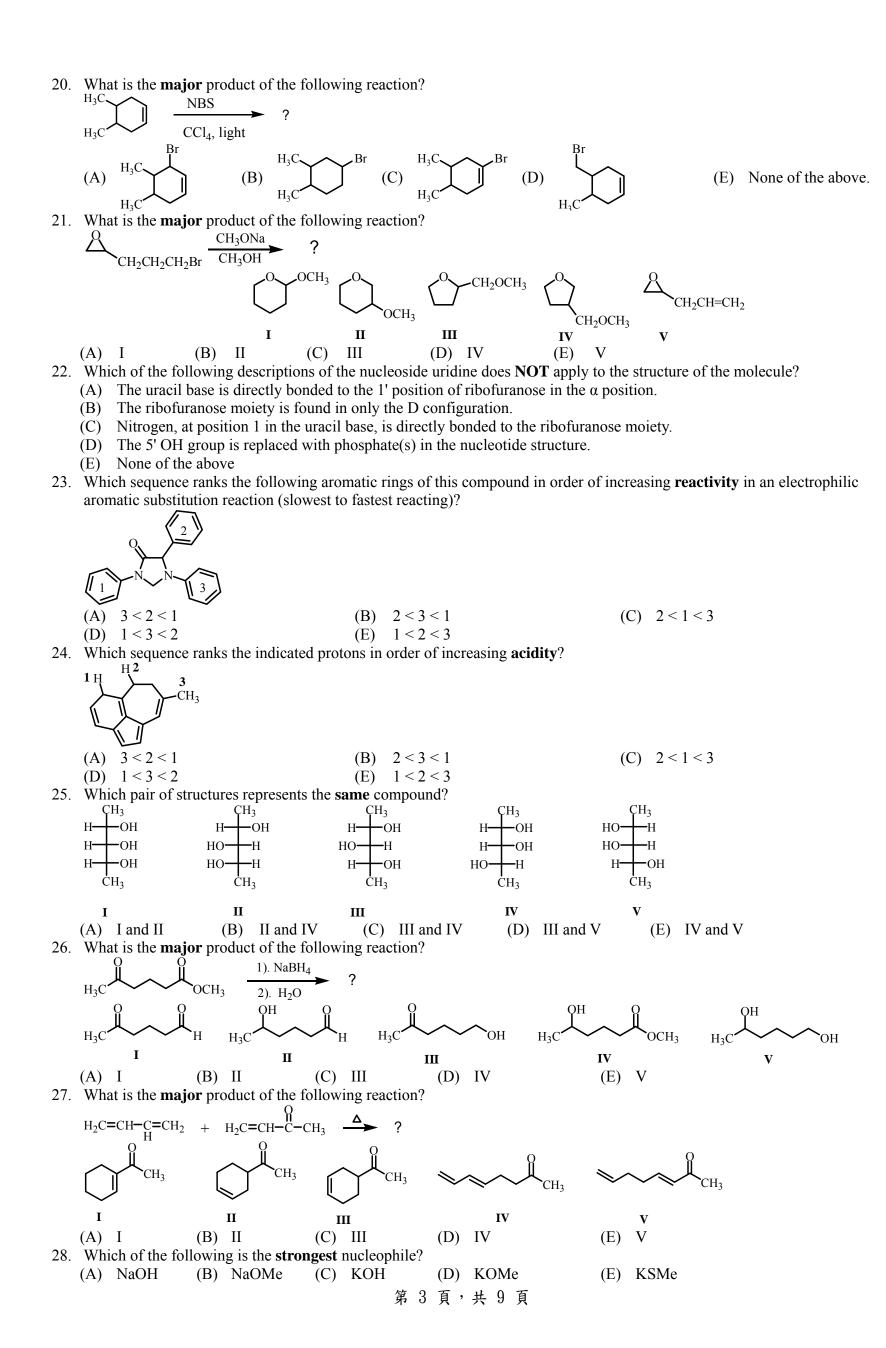
- (D) 1-bromo-2,3-dimethylbutane
- (E) 2-bromo-2,3-dimethylbutane
- 6. Which of the following structures is a Fischer projection of (2S,3S,4R)-hexane-2,3,4-triol.

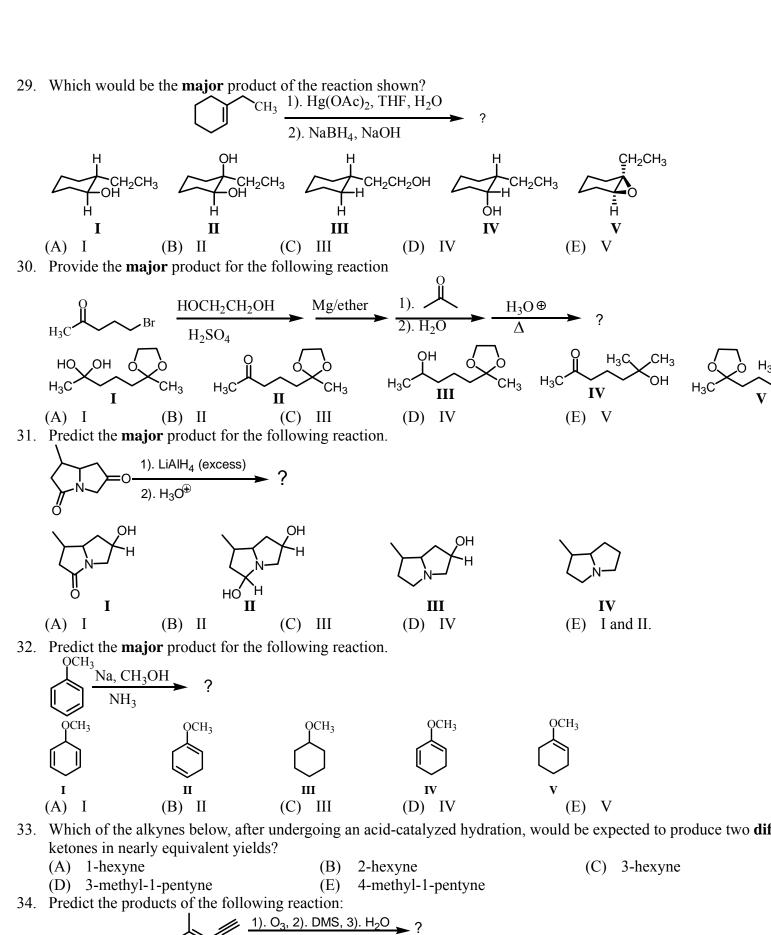


7. Treatment of (S)-6-chloro-1-methyl-1-cyclohexene with H_3O^{\oplus} is expected to produce which of the following product(s)?

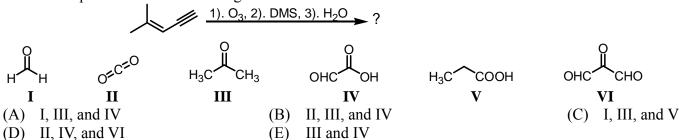


8.	Which of the following substituent has the highest priority according to the Cahn-Ingold-Prelog system?
9.	(A) -COOH (B) -CHO (C) -CH ₂ OH (D) -CH ₃ (E) -H What is the IUPAC name of the expected major product formed upon reaction of HCl with 3-methyl-1-butene?
	(A) 1-Chloro-2-methylbutane (B) 1-Chloro-3-methylbutane (C) 2-Chloro-2-methylbutane
10	(D) 2-Chloro-3-methylbutane (E) 1-Chloropentane Which sequence correctly ranks the following substrates in order of increasing reactivity in an S _N 1 reaction?
	Br Br
	1 2 3 $(A) 3 < 2 < 1$ $(B) 2 < 3 < 1$ $(C) 2 < 1 < 3$
	(D) $1 < 3 < 2$ (E) $1 < 2 < 3$
11.	A pure sample of (S)-phenylalanine has a specific rotation of $+70^{\circ}$. A mixture of the two enantiomers of phenylalanine gives a specific rotation of -7.0° . What are the percentages of the S and R enantiomers in the mixture?
	(A) 75 % S, 25 % R (B) 65 % S, 35 % R (C) 55 % S, 45 % R
12	(D) $45\% S$, $55\% R$ (E) $35\% S$, $65\% R$
12.	Predict the major product when pyridine is treated with a mixture of nitric acid and sulfuric acid (A) 2-nitropyridine (B) 3-nitropyridine (C) 4-nitropyridine
	(D) 2,3-dinitropyridine (E) 2,4-dinitropyridine
13.	Predict the product(s) for the following reaction. Diethylhentenedicate 1). NaOCH ₂ CH ₃ 2
	Diethylheptanedioate $\frac{1). \text{ NaOCH}_2\text{CH}_3}{2). \text{ H}_3\text{O}^{\oplus}}$?
	O CH ₃ O CH ₃
	(A) I (B) II (C) III (D) IV (E) V
14.	Which molecular formula is consistent with the following mass spectrum data?
	$\mathbf{M}^{+\bullet}$ at m/z= 84, relative height=10.0% $(\mathbf{M}+1)^{+\bullet}$ at m/z= 85, relative height=0.56% (A) $C_5H_{10}O$ (B) C_5H_8O (C) C_5H_{24} (D) C_6H_{12} (E) $C_4H_6O_2$
15.	Which sequence correctly ranks the following dienes in order of increasing reactivity in the Diels-Alder reaction?
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
4.0	(D) $1 < 3 < 2$ (E) $1 < 2 < 3$
16.	Rank the following compounds in increasing order of reactivity in the intramolecular displacement of <i>p</i> -bromophenolate to form a cyclic anhydride.
	Br Br
	Ö O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O
	(A) $A < B < C$ (B) $B < A < C$ (C) $C < A < B$
17.	(D) B < C < A (E) None of above Which of the following undergoes solvely sign vector more popular?
1/.	Which of the following undergoes solvolysis in water more rapidly ?
	Br Br
	I II III
10	(A) I (B) II (C) III (D) I and II (E) all of the above
10.	Grignard reagents react with oxirane (ethylene oxide) to form 1°-alcohols but can be prepared in tetrahydrofuran solvent Why is this difference in behavior observed?
	(A) Steric hindrance in the case of tetrahydrofuran precludes reaction with the Grignard.
	(B) There is a better leaving group in the oxirane molecule.(C) The oxirane ring is the more highly strained.
	(D) It is easier to obtain tetrahydrofuran in anhydrous condition.
10	(E) Oxirane is a cyclic ether, while tetrahydrofuran is a hydrocarbon. The regioselectivity and stereospecificity in the oxymercuration-demercuration of an alkene is best described as:
17.	(A) Markovnikov orientation with syn-addition (B) Markovnikov orientation with anti-addition
	(C) anti-Markovnikov orientation with syn-addition (D) anti-Markovnikov orientation with anti-addition
	(E) Markonikov orientation with both syn- and anti-addition





33. Which of the alkynes below, after undergoing an acid-catalyzed hydration, would be expected to produce two different



35. Which of the following is a correct prediction of the **chemical shifts** (ppm) for the signals in the ¹H NMR spectrum for the following compound?

- (A) a = 5.7, b = 5.2, c = 4.4, d = 1.9
- (B) a = 5.2, b = 5.7, c = 1.9, d = 4.4
- (C) a = 4.4, b = 5.2, c = 1.9, d = 1.9
- (D) a = 5.2, b = 4.4, c = 5.7, d = 1.9 (E) a = 1.9, b = 5.7, c = 5.2, d = 4.4
- 36. Provide the name of the **major** alkene product that results when (2R,3R)-2,3-dibromopentane is treated with zinc in acetic
 - (A) (Z)-2-pentene

acid.

(B) (E)-2-pentene

(C) (R)-3-bromo-1-pentene

- (D) (S)-3-bromo-1-pentene
- (E) (R)-2-bromo-3-pentene

37. What is the **major** expected product(s) of the reaction shown below?

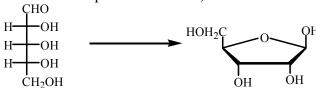
CH₃CH₂-CEC-CH₃

HCI

- (A) 2,2-Dichloropentane
- (B) 3,3-Dichloropentane
- (C) 2,3-Dichloropentane

- (D) A and B
 - (E) B and C
- 38. What is the expected **major** organic product from treatment of 4-methyl-2-pentyne with hydrogen in the presence of Lindlar's catalyst?
 - (A) (E)-4-methyl-2-pentene
- (B) (Z)-4-methyl-2-pentene
- (C) (E)-2-methyl-2-pentene

- (D) (Z)-2-methyl-2-pentene
- (E) 2-methylpentane
- 39. Refer to the equilibrium below, the correct name for the cyclic structure is



- (A) α-L-ribofuranose
- (B) β-D-ribofuranose

(C) α-L-ribopyranose

- (D) β-D-ribopyranose
- (E) None of the above
- 40. Which of the following best describes the key mechanistic steps in the reaction of an acid chloride and an alcohol to form an ester?

 - (A) elimination followed by addition (B) addition followed by decarboxylation (C) addition followed by elimination

- (D) substitution followed by addition (E) rearrangement
- 41. Many nucleophilic addition reactions of aldehydes and ketones are catalyzed by acid or base. Bases catalyze hydration by:
 - (A) making the carbonyl group more electrophilic
 - (B) shifting the equilibrium of the reaction
 - (C) making the carbonyl group less electrophilic
 - (D) converting the water to hydroxide ion, a much better nucleophile
 - (E) None of the above
- 42. Which of the following would produce a mixture of products when treated under appropriate conditions with

N-bromosuccinimide?

(A) oct-4-ene

(B) hept-1-ene

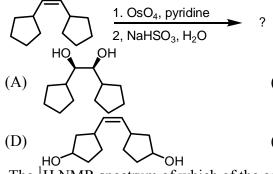
(C) 4,4-dimethylcyclopentene

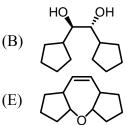
- (D) 4,5-dimethylcyclohexene
- (E) all produce a mixture of products
- 43. Which of the following statements **correctly** characterizes the following compound?

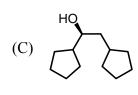


(A) contains 6π electrons and is aromatic

- (B) contains 6π electrons and is nonaromatic
- (C) contains 8π electrons and is antiaromatic
- (D) contains 8π electrons and is aromatic
- contains 8π electrons and is nonaromatic
- What is the **major** product of the following reaction?







45. The 1 H NMR spectrum of which of the compounds below, all of formula $C_{7}H_{12}O_{2}$, would consist of **three singlets only**?

H₃C CH₃ Ш (D) IV (C) III (A) I (B) II (E)

- 46. Arrange the following in order of increasing **basicity**: aniline, *p*-nitroaniline, *p*-toluidine, and *p*-methoxyaniline.
 - (A) *p*-toluidine < *p*-methoxyaniline < aniline < *p*-nitroaniline
 - (B) p-nitroaniline < p-toluidine < aniline < p-methoxyaniline
 - (C) *p*-nitroaniline < aniline < *p*-toluidine < *p*-methoxyaniline
 - *p*-methoxyaniline < *p*-nitroaniline < *p*-toluidine < aniline (D)
 - (E) None of the above

- 47. What is the thermodynamic product of the sulfonation of naphthalene?

- **(E)**
- 48. For the reaction shown, which of the compounds listed below would be the expected **major**, and final, organic product?

(D) IV

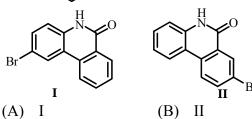
(B) II

- Ш

(C) III

- 49. Predict the **major** product for the following Claisen rearrangement.

 - - (B) II (C) III
- - (D) IV (E) None of the above
- (A) I 50. Predict the **major** product for the following reaction.



- Ш (C) III
- (D) IV
- 51. Which of the following reagents can be used to cleave a tert-butoxycarbonyl (Boc) protecting group from a peptide?
 - (A) H_2/Pd

(B) CF₃CO₂H

(C) Na₂CO₃, H₂O

(D) LiAlH₄

- (E) None of the above
- 52. The reaction shown below would be expected to produce as **major** products which of the following compounds?
- + enantiomer (B) $\stackrel{\circ}{\stackrel{\circ}{\text{Cl}}}$ + enantiomer (C) $\stackrel{\circ}{\stackrel{\circ}{\text{Cl}}}$ + enantiomer

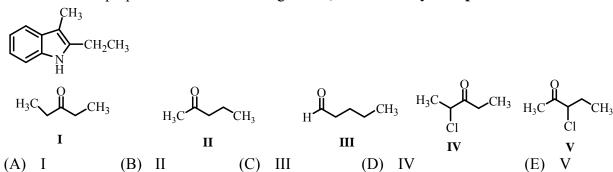
(E) V

- 53. What is the **best** method for the preparation of *m*-dibromobenzene from benzene?
 - (A) 1). HNO₃/H₂SO₄; 2). Sn/HCl; 3). NaNO₂/HCl, 0°C; 4). Br₂/FeBr₃, twice.

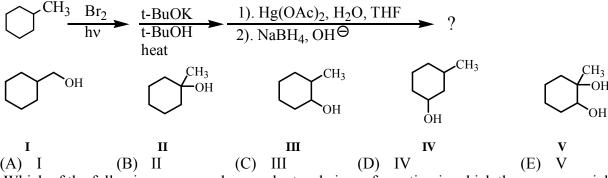
 - (B) 1). HNO₃/H₂SO₄; 2). Sn/HCl; 3). NaNO₂/HCl, 0°C; 4). Br₂/FeBr₃; 5). H₃PO₂.
 (C) 1). HNO₃/H₂SO₄; 2). Sn/HCl; 3). NaNO₂/HCl, 0°C; 4). H₃PO₂; 5). Br₂/FeBr₃, twice.
 - (D) 1). HNO₃/H₂SO₄; 2). Br₂/FeBr₃; 3). Sn/HCl; 4). NaNO₂/HCl, 0°C; 5). CuBr.
 - (E) Br₂/FeBr₃, twice.
- 54. Which is the **best** method for the synthesis of tert-butyl methyl ether?
 - (A) $CH_3ONa + (CH_3)_3CBr \longrightarrow$
- (B) $(CH_3)_3CONa + CH_3I$ —
- (C) $CH_3OH + (CH_3)_3COH + H_2SO_4$ at $140^{\circ}C$
- (D) $(CH_3)_3CONa + CH_3OCH_3 \longrightarrow$
- (E) $CH_3ONa + (CH_3)_3COH \longrightarrow$

33.	(A) acid hydrolysis only (B) decarbonylation only (C) catalytic hydrogenation only (D) both acid hydrolysis and decarbonylation
	(E) both catalytic hydrogenation and acid hydrolysis
56.	Which of the following ketones will give a positive iodoform test? (A) 3-heptanone (B) 3-hexanone (C) cyclohexanone (D) 2-pentanone (E) 2-methyl-3-hexanone
57.	Which of the following compounds will display a singlet, a triplet and a quartet in the ¹ H NMR spectrum? (A) 1-chloro-2,2-dimethylbutane (B) 3-chloro-3-methylpentane (C) 3-chloropentane (D) 2-chloro-4-methylpentane (E) 3-chloro-2-methylpentane
58.	Examining the infrared spectrum of a compound allows us to: (A) determine the types of functional groups present in the compound (B) determine the carbon-hydrogen framework of the compound (C) determine the molecular weight of the compound (D) determine the nature of the conjugated pi electron system in the compound (E) None of the above is correct
59.	Which of these is the least reactive type of organometallic compound?
	(A) RK (B) R_2Hg (C) RLi (D) R_2Zn (E) R_3Al
60.	Which one of the following compounds will have the lowest wavenumber for carbonyl absorption? H_3C CH_3 H_3C CH_3
	I II II V V
	(A) I (B) II (C) III (D) IV (E) V
[]	單選題】每題2分,共計40分,答錯1題倒扣0.5分,倒扣至本大題零分為止,未作答,不給分亦不扣分。
61.	A student measured the optical activity of an unknown sugar at two different concentrations. The results of his measurements are shown below. Given that the sample cell had a path length of 10.0 cm, calculate the specific rotation for the unknown sugar.
	<u>concentration</u> <u>observed rotation</u>
	2.00 g sugar in 10.0 mL water +159.1°
	5.00 g sugar in 10.0 mL water +127.8°
	(A) -10.5° (B) $+25.6^{\circ}$ (C) $+79.5^{\circ}$ (D) -104.5° (E) $+256.2^{\circ}$
62.	Which of the following series of synthetic steps could be used to carry out the transformation shown below?
	?
	(I) H_2 , Pt , (II) B_2H_6 , (III) $NaNO_2$, H_3O^{\oplus} , (IV) $NaCN$, HCl , (V) H_2O_2 , $NaOH$ (VI) PCC
	(A) $I \rightarrow II \rightarrow V$ (B) $IV \rightarrow I \rightarrow III$ (C) $III \rightarrow VI \rightarrow V$
	(D) II \rightarrow V \rightarrow III (E) None of the above
63.	
	$\frac{H_2SO_4}{}$?
	H_2O
	ОН
	HO
	I II III V
	(A) I (B) II (C) III (D) IV (E) V
64.	J 1 1 J
	$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} $
	H_3C H_3C H H_3C H H_3C H H_3C H
	(B) 1) HBr; 2) NaCCH; 3) O ₃ ; 4) DMS
	(C) 1) HBr, ROOR; 2) NaCCH; 3) O ₃ ; 4) H ₂ O

- 65. How many positive and negative peaks appear in the DEPT-135 and in the DEPT-90 spectrum of 2-methylpentane?
 - DEPT-135: two positive and one negative, DEPT-90: one positive
 - DEPT-135: three positive and two negative, DEPT-90: one positive (B)
 - DEPT-135: three positive and two negative, DEPT-90: no signals (C)
 - (D) DEPT-135: two positive and three negative, DEPT-90: two positive
 - (E) None of the above is correct
- 66. The Fischer indole synthesis is the reaction of phenylhydrazine with a carbonyl compound to give the corresponding indole. For the preparation of the following indole, what **carbonyl compound** is needed?

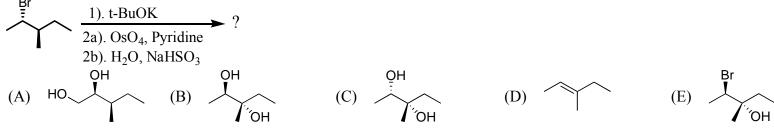


67. What is the **major** product obtained from the following reaction sequence?



- 68. Which of the following compounds can adopt a chair conformation in which there are no axial methyl groups?
 - (A) 1,1-dimethylcyclohexane
- (B) *cis*-1,2-dimethylcyclohexane
- (C) trans-1,2-dimethylcyclohexane

- (D) *trans*-1,3-dimethylcyclohexane
 - (E) everyone above have no axial methyl group
- 69. For the following reaction sequence, which molecule is an expected **major** product?



- 70. Which of these is **NOT** a useful method for the synthesis of 1,3-pentadiene?
 - 1,4-pentanediol + H₂SO₄ at 180°C (A)
 - 2,4-dibromopentane + (CH₃)₃COK , (CH₃)₃COH at 75°C (B)
 - 2,4-pentanediol + H₂SO₄ at 180°C (C)
 - (D) $HC \equiv CCH = CHCH_3 + H_2, Ni_2B (P-2)$
 - 1,4-dibromopentane + CH₃CH₂ONa, CH₃CH₂OH at 75°C (E)
- 71. Which of the following series of synthetic steps could be used to carry out the transformation shown below?

- $\textbf{(I)} \ NaOH, \textbf{(II)} \ heat, \textbf{(III)} \ CH_3COCH_2COOEt, EtONa, \textbf{(IV)} \ NaOH, heat, then \ HCl, \ H_2O$
- (A) $I \rightarrow II \rightarrow III \rightarrow IV$
- (B) $IV \rightarrow II \rightarrow I \rightarrow III$
- (C) $III \rightarrow IV \rightarrow II \rightarrow I$

- (D) $II \rightarrow IV \rightarrow III \rightarrow I$
- (E) None of the above
- 72. What is the **name** of the following reaction?

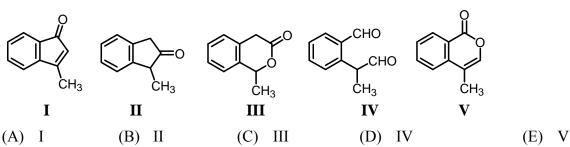
- (A) Mixed Aldol condensation
- (B) Mixed Claisen condensation
- (C) Mixed Dieckmann condensation

- (D) Mixed Michael reaction
- (E) Mixed Knoevenagel reaction
- 73. Which of the following represents the **HOMO** of pentadienyl anion?



74. Predict the **major** product for the following reaction sequence.

- 75. The H-bonds formed in the tertiary structure of proteins can be differentiated from those formed in secondary structures. What is the **major** distinguishing factor?
 - (A) The H-bonds in 3° structures are significantly stronger than those found in 2° structures.
 - (B) The H-bonds in 3° structures are more random than those formed in 2° structures.
 - (C) The H-bonds in 3° structures are formed by predictable interactions among the peptide backbone α -amine and α -carboxylate groups.
 - (D) The H-bonds in 3° structures are formed by interactions involving the side chain R-groups.
 - (E) Both B and D are correct.
- 76. Predict the outcome of the following sequence of reactions.



- 77. Which of the following compounds exhibits the pattern of m/z values: 41, 43, 57, 87, 101, 116?
 - (A) *n*-butyl *n*-propyl ether
- (B) sec-butyl iso-propyl ether
- (C) 2-heptanol

(E) None of the above

- (D) hexanoic acid
- (E) None of the above
- 78. How many different β-hydroxyaldehydes and β-hydroxyketones, including constitutional isomers and stereoisomers, are formed upon treatment of a mixture of acetone and acetophenone with base?
 - (A) 4
- (B) 6
- (C) 9
- (D) 10
- (E) 12
- 79. Deduce the identity of the compound from the data provided.

 $C_5H_{10}O_2$: IR (cm⁻¹): 3380 (br, s). ¹H-NMR (ppm): 1.30 (s, 3H), 3.50 (t, 1H), 3.64 (d, 2H),

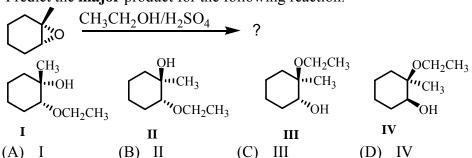
- 4.38 (d, 2H), 4.52 (d, 2H). ¹³C-NMR (ppm): 20.72 (q), 40.78 (t), 67.59 (t), 79.74 (t).
- (A) (2,3-dimethyloxiran-2-yl)methanol

(B) 1-(2-methyloxiran-2-yl)ethanol

(C) 1-(oxetan-3-yl)ethanol

(D) (3-methyloxetan-3-yl)methanol

- (E) (tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methanol
- 80. Predict the **major** product for the following reaction.



第9頁,共9頁

高雄醫學大學 102 學年度學士後醫學系招生考試試題

考試時間:80分鐘 科目:普通生物學

說明:一、選擇題用 2B 鉛筆在「答案卡」上作答,修正時應以橡皮擦擦拭,不得使用 修正液(帶),未遵照正確作答方法而致電腦無法判讀者,考生自行負責。

二、試題及答案卡必須繳回,不得攜出試場。

I.【單選題】1-50 題,每題 1 分,共計 50 分。答錯 1 題倒扣 0.25 分,倒扣至本大題零分為止,未作答,不給分亦不 扣分。

1.	A fossil that has	one fourth the normal pro	portion of carbon-14 to ca	arbon-12 is approximately	yyears? (Carbon-14
	half life is about	5,700 years)	_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(A) 1,350	(B) 2,750	(C) 11,400	(D) 16,800	(E) 22,400
2.	Natural selection	involves energetic trade-	offs between		

- (A) the reproductive strategy of semelparity and iteroparity.
 - (B) the population increaing and decreasing.

 - (C) high survival rates of offspring and the cost of parental care.
 - (D) number of reproductive females and reproductive ability.
 - (E) the number of offspring and how long they live.
- Which option listed in below is **NOT** an antipredator defensive behavior?
 - (A) Camouflage
 - (B) Aposematic coloration
 - (C) Bastesian mimicry
 - (D) Mullerian mimicry
 - (E) Character displacement
- Which of the following descriptions about "toxin in the environment" is **INCORRECT**?
 - (A) The biological magnification is the toxin become more concentrated in trophic level of food web.
 - (B) Chlorinated hydrocarbons has demonstrated biological magnification.
 - (C) Some low toxic chemicals transform high toxic by exploring sunlight or microbial metabolism.
 - (D) Chemicals released into the environment may be relatively harmless but converted to more toxic product by reaction with other substances, by exposure to light, or by the metabolism of microorganism.
 - (E) WHO allows that DDT strictly reuse in disease vector control in 2007, so DDT is not environmental toxin anymore.
- 5. Which of the following descriptions about "regulating of enzyme activity in metabolism" is **INCORRECT**?
 - (A) Allosteric regulation is the term used to describe any case in which a protein's function at one site is affected by the binding of a regulatory molecule to a separate site.
 - (B) An activating or inhibiting regulatory molecule binds to a regulatory site that is the simplest kind of allosteric regulation.
 - (C) Feedback inhibition is a common mode of metabolic control.
 - (D) Cooperativity is a type of enzyme activation, not including inhibition.
 - (E) Cooperativity is the binding of one substrate molecule that can stimulate binding or activity at other active sites.
- Mendel used the scientific approach to indentify two laws of inheritance, which comment about "Mendelian genetics" is **NOT** correct?
 - (A) Mendelian genetics includes two laws as law of segregation and law of independent assortment.
 - (B) The law of segregation states that genes have alternative forms, or alleles.
 - (C) The law of independent assortment states the pair of alleles for a given gene segregates into gametes independently of the pair of alleles for any other gene.
 - (D) Traits are inherited in discrete units, and are not the results of blending.
 - (E) In heterozygotes, the two alleles are different, and the expression of two different alleles makes phenotypic effects of the other.
- Which sex determination system is suitable for the following descriptions?

There is only one type of sex chromosome, the females have two sex chromosomes, males have only one sex chromosome. Sex of the offsprings is determined by whether the sperm cell contains an X chromosome or no sex chromosome.

- (A) The X-Y system
- (B) The X-0 system
- (C) The Z-W system
- (D) The haplo-diploid system
- (E) None

8.	Bacteria is one of major group of prokaryote NOT correct? (A) Helicase unwinds the parental double he (B) Primase begins synthesis of the RNA pr (C) The leading strand is synthesized contin (D) DNA polymerase I removes the primer (E) DNA ligase joins the 3' end of the second	elix DNA. imer for the Okazaki fragmen uously in the 5' to 3' direction from the 5' end of the second	by DNA polymerase II. fragment, replacing it with DNA.
9.	Which genes should be turned on first to det (A) Pair rule genes (B) Segmentation genes (C) Segmentation polarity genes (D) Maternal effect genes (E) Homeotic genes	terminate the body axis during	g embryogenesis of <i>Drosophila</i> ?
10.	The eyes of mammalian and octopus are simmost of this similarity? (A) Balanced polymorphism (B) Convergent evolution (C) Parallel evolution (D) Cladogenesis (E) Macroevolution	nilar in structure and function.	Which of following hypothesis accounts for
11.	A new species of plant could be originated by (A) autopolyploidy. (B) polymorphic speciation. (C) a super species. (D) sympatric speciation. (E) allopatric speciation.	by hybridization coupled with	
12.	The dengue virus fragments will be presented (A) Toll receptor (B) Complement (E) Class II MHC molecules	ed by virus-infected cells alon (C) Antibodies	g with which of the following? (D) Class I MHC molecules
13.	The sum of a species' use of the biotic and a (A) niche (B) ecological nich (E) ecological statement		ment is called the species'? (D) environment niche
14.	Which statement about variation is true? (A) All new alleles are the result of nucleoti (B) All phenotypic variation is the result of (C) All genetic variation produces phenotyp (D) All nucleotide variability results in neut (E) All geographic variation results from the	genotypic variation. ic variation. ral variation.	
15.	In a hypothetical situation, the genes for sex same plasmid within a particular bacterium. plasmid, then the result should be (A) the rapid spread of tetracycline resistance (B) the subsequent loss of tetracycline resistance (C) the production of endospores among the (D) the temporary possession by this bacteria (E) a transformed bacterium.	If this bacterium readily perfect to other bacteria in that hab tance from this bacterium. bacterium's progeny.	itat.
16.	Mendel's observation of the segregation of a cell division? (A) Anaphase of mitosis	alleles in gamete formation ha (B) Prophase I of meiosis	s its basis in which of the following phases of (C) Prophase II of meiosis
	(D) Metaphase I of meiosis	(E) Anaphase I of meiosis	(C) Frophase If of filelosis
17.	Abnormal chromosomes are frequent in mal proximity to different control regions. Whice (A) Sensitivity of the immune system (B) An increase in non-disjunction (C) Expression of inappropriate gene product (D) A decrease in mitotic frequency (E) Death of the cancer cells in the tumor	h of the following might then	, ,

	A chemist wishes to make an organic molecule less acidic. Which of the following functional groups should be added to the molecule in order to do so? (A) phosphate (B) amino (C) sulfonyl (D) sulfhydryl (E) carboxyl RFLP analysis can be used to distinguish between alleles based on differences in which of the following? (A) the ability of nucleic acid probes to hybridize to the alleles (B) the proteins expressed from the alleles (C) the ability of the alleles to be replicated in bacterial cells (D) the amount of DNA amplified from the alleles during PCR (E) restriction enzyme recognition sites between the alleles
20.	The volume enclosed by the plasma membrane of plant cells is often much larger than the corresponding volume in animal cells. The most reasonable explanation for this observation is that (A) plant cells contain a large vacuole that increases the volume of the cell. (B) plant cells are capable of having a much higher surface-to-volume ratio than animal cells. (C) plant cells have a much more highly convoluted (folded) plasma membrane than animal cells. (D) animal cells are more spherical, while plant cells are elongated. (E) the basic functions of plant cells are very different from those of animal cells.
21.	In the thylakoid membranes, what is the main role of the antenna pigment molecules? (A) concentrate photons within the stroma (B) split water and release oxygen to the reaction-center chlorophyll (C) harvest photons and transfer light energy to the reaction-center chlorophyll (D) synthesize ATP from ADP and Pi (E) transfer electrons to ferredoxin and then NADPH
22.	How do the daughter cells at the end of mitosis and cytokinesis compare with their parent cells when it was in G ₁ of the cell cycle? (A) The daughter cells have the same number of chromosomes and half the amount of DNA. (B) The daughter cells have the same number of chromosomes and the same amount of DNA. (C) The daughter cells have the same number of chromosomes and twice the amount of DNA. (D) The daughter cells have half the amount of cytoplasm and half the amount of DNA. (E) The daughter cells have half the number of chromosomes and half the amount of DNA.
23.	What is a karyotype? (A) The combination of chromosomes found in a gamete. (B) A system of classifying cell nuclei. (C) A display of every pair of homologous chromosomes within a cell, organized according to size and shape. (D) The set of unique physical characteristics that define an individual. (E) The collection of all the mutations present within the genome of an individual.
24.	What is the function of DNA polymerase III? (A) to rejoin the two DNA strands (one new and one old) after replication (B) to degrade damaged DNA molecules (C) to add nucleotides to the end of a growing DNA strand (D) to seal together the broken ends of DNA strands (E) to unwind the DNA helix during replication
25.	Phylogenetic trees are best described as (A) true and inerrant statements about evolutionary relationships (B) hypothetical portrayals of evolutionary relationships (C) the closest things to absolute certainty that modern systematics can produce (D) theories of evolution (E) the most accurate representations possible of genetic relationships among taxa
26.	As cleavage continues during frog development, the size of the blastomeres (A) increases as the number of the blastomeres increases (B) decreases as the number of the blastomeres decreases (C) decreases as the number of the blastomeres decreases (D) increases as the number of the blastomeres stays the same (E) increases as the number of the blastomeres decreases
27.	Which of the following best describes resource partitioning? (A) Two species can coevolve to share the same niche. (B) Competitive exclusion results in the success of the superior species. (C) Slight variations in niche allow similar species to coexist. (D) A climax community is reached when no new niches are available.

(E) Differential resource utilization results in the decrease in species diversity.

	(A) photoautotrophs	(B) plants	(C) alga	(D) cyanobacteria	(E) A, B, C, and D are all correct
29.	Overexploitation encour (A) most organisms that (B) terrestrial organisms (C) edge-adapted special (D) animals that occupy (E) large animals with I	at live in the oc as more than aq es y a broad ecolo	eans uatic organisms gical niche	ely to affect	
30.	You are observing a popular previously observed. O (A) increased birth rate (E) reduction in death r	ne explanation (B) decr		rvation would include	ts has increased and is higher than on (D) increased immigration
31.	Which of the following (A) thyroid hormone ar (B) epinephrine and no (C) glucagon and insuli (D) prolactin and oxyto (E) androgen and estrog	nd parathyroid repinephrine in ocin	_	istic effects?	
32.	(D) They may use a gas	le of locomotic filter feeders. r both, of two l strovascular ca	on because they la body forms: mobi vity as a hydrosta	lck true muscle tissue. le polyps and sessile medus	
33.	The enzyme amylase ca Which of the following (A) glycogen, starch, an (B) glycogen and cellul (C) cellulose and chitin (D) starch and chitin (E) starch, amylopectin	could amylase and amylopectir lose	e break down?	ween glucose monomers on	Ily if the monomers are in the α form.
34.	(A) They are cytoskelet(B) Their constituent pr(C) Their main function(D) They also express in	tal fibers with a roteins are high n is to maintain n nucleus and	a diameter of 8-12 aly heterogeneous cell shape and and form nuclear lam	and express in a cell-type suchor organelles such as mi	tochondria.
35.	(C) Glycolysis will pro(D) During glycolysis, forming ATP.	ace in cytosol. ng glycolysis i ceed in eukary when glucose	s generated by su otic cells whether is catabolized to p	bstrate-level phosphorylation oxygen is present or absen	
36.	About Calvin cycle, wh (A) reactions occur wit (B) carbon fixation cata (C) reaction includes sp (D) the cycle builds sug (E) photophosphorylati	hin the thylako alyzed by rubis blit water and r gar from smallo	oid membrane. co is the first step elease of oxygen. or molecules by u	of the reaction.	power of electrons carried by NADH

28. The producers in aquatic ecosystems include organisms in which of the following groups?

- 37. About mitosis and meiosis, which statement is **NOT** TRUE?
 - (A) Mitosis conserves the number of chromosome sets, producing cells that are genetically identical to the parent cell.
 - (B) Meiosis reduces the number of chromosomes sets from two (diploid) to one (haploid), producing cells that differ genetically from each other and from the parent cell.
 - (C) Meiosis occurs in reproductive cells, forming female and male haploid gametes.
 - (D) DNA replication occurs twice in meiosis but once in mitosis.
 - (E) Cell divides twice in meiosis but once in mitosis.

- 38. The first cloned cat, called Carbon Copy, was a calico, but she looked significantly different from her female parent. Why? (A) The environment, as well as genetics, affects phenotypic variation. (B) Fur color genes in cats are influenced by differential acetylation patterns. (C) X inactivation in the embryo is random and produces different patterns. (D) Cloned animals have been found to have a higher frequency of transposon activation. (E) The telomeres of the parent's chromosomes were shorter than those of an embryo. 39. The leading and the lagging strands differ in that (A) synthesize leading strands require RNA primer, but synthesize lagging strands do not require RNA primer. (B) the leading strand is synthesized by adding nucleotides to the 3' end of the growing strand, and the lagging strand is synthesized by adding nucleotides to the 5' end. (C) the lagging strand is synthesized continuously, whereas the leading strand is synthesized in short fragments that are ultimately stitched together. (D) the leading strand is synthesized in the same direction as the movement of the replication fork, and the lagging strand is synthesized in the opposite direction. (E) the leading strand is synthesized at twice the rate of the lagging strand. 40. About split gene and RNA splicing, which of the following statements is **NOT** TRUE? (A) The coding regions are called exons because they are expressed and usually translated into proteins. (B) The other regions called introns. They are noncoding regions, which contain intervening sequences that are nonfunctional. (C) RNA splicing removes introns and joins exons, creating an mRNA molecule with a continuous coding sequence. (D) Alternative RNA splicing is a type of eukaryotic gene regulation in which different RNA molecules are produced from the same primary transcript, depending on which RNA segments are treated as exons and which as introns. (E) Alternative RNA splicing produces a number of different proteins called isoforms from a single gene, therefore significantly expand the repertoire of an eukaryotic genome. 41. Which of the followings were probably considered the first terrestrial organisms? (1) burrowers (2) photosynthetic (3) multicellular (4) prokaryotes (5) eukaryotes (6) plants and their associated fungi (A) 2 and 4 (B) 3 and 5 (C) 1, 3, and 5 (D) 2, 3, and 6 (E) 2, 3, 5, and 6 42. Which two structures play direct roles in permitting bacteria to adhere to each other, or to other surfaces? (1) capsules (2) endospores (3) fimbriae (4) plasmids (5) flagella (E) 3 and 5 (A) 1 and 2 (B) 1 and 3 (C) 2 and 3 (D) 3 and 4 43. Which two genera have members that can evade the human immune system by frequently changing their surface proteins? (1) Plasmodium (2) Trichomonas (3) Paramecium (4) Trypanosoma (5) Entamoeba (A) 1 and 2 (B) 1 and 4 (C) 2 and 3 (D) 2 and 4 (E) 4 and 5 44. Which of the following cells or structures are associated with asexual reproduction in fungi? (A) ascospores (B) basidiospores (C) zygosporangia (D) conidiophores (E) ascocarps 45. Which of the following is **NOT** a function of rhizobacteria? (A) produce hormones that stimulate plant growth (B) produce antibiotics that protect roots from disease (C) absorb toxic metals (D) carry out nitrogen fixation (E) supply growing roots with glucose

- 46. Epiphytes are _____
 - (A) fungi that attack plants.
 - (B) plants that have a symbiotic relationship with fungi.
 - (C) nonphotosynthetic parasitic plants.
 - (D) plants that live in poor soil and digest insects to obtain nitrogen.
 - (E) plants that grow on other plants but do not obtain nutrients from their hosts.
- 47. What do Wernicke's and Broca's regions of the brain affect?
 - (A) olfaction
- (B) vision
- (C) speech
- (D) memory
- (E) hearing

- 48. According to Hamilton's rule,
 - (A) natural selection does not favor altruistic behavior that causes the death of the altruist.
 - (B) natural selection favors altruistic acts when the resulting benefit to the beneficiary, corrected for relatedness, exceeds the cost to the altruist.
 - (C) natural selection is more likely to favor altruistic behavior that benefits an offspring than altruistic behavior that benefits a sibling.
 - (D) the effects of kin selection are larger than the effects of direct natural selection on individuals.
 - (E) altruism is always reciprocal.
- 49. What is the single greatest threat to biodiversity throughout the biosphere?
 - (A) overharvesting of commercially important species
 - (B) introduced species that compete with native species
 - (C) pollution of Earth's air, water, and soil
 - (D) disruption of trophic relationships as more and more prey species become extinct
 - (E) habitat alteration, fragmentation, and destruction
- 50. All of the followings belong to the Eumetazoa, **EXCEPT**
 - (A) Proifera
- (B) Platyhelminthes
- (C) Mollusca
- (D) Annelida
- (E) Nematoda

Ⅱ.【單選題】51-75 題,每題 2 分,共計 50 分。答錯 1 題倒扣 0.5 分,倒扣至本大題零分為止,未作答,不給分亦不扣分。

- 51. About hormonal circuits that link kidney function, which of the following statements is **INCORRECT**?
 - (A) An increase in blood osmolarity triggers the release of antidiuretic hormone (ADH), which helps to conserve water.
 - (B) ADH increases water reabsorption in the descending limb of the Loops of Henle.
 - (C) The Renin-Angiotensin-Aldosterone System (RAAS) is part of a complex feedback circuit that functions in the maintenance of blood pressure and volume.
 - (D) A drop in blood pressure near the glomerulus causes the juxtaglomerular apparatus (JGA) to release the enzyme renin.
 - (E) Renin triggers the formation of the peptide angiotensin II, which increases blood volume and pressure by stimulating the release of aldosterone.
- 52. About respiratory pigment, which of the following statements is **INCORRECT**?
 - (A) Respiratory pigments are proteins that transport oxygen and greatly increase the amount of oxygen that blood can carry.
 - (B) Arthropods and many molluscs have hemocyanin with copper as the oxygen-binding component.
 - (C) Hemoglobin is involved in the transport of O_2 but not CO_2 .
 - (D) A small change in the partial pressure of oxygen can result in a large change in delivery of O₂.
 - (E) CO₂ produced during cellular respiration lowers blood pH and decreases the affinity of hemoglobin for O₂; this is called the Bohr shift.
- 53. Which of the followings would a paleontologist be most likely to do in order to determine whether a fossil represents a reptile or a mammal?
 - (A) Look for the mammalian characteristics of a four-chambered heart and a diaphragm.
 - (B) Because mammals are eutherians, look for evidence of a placenta.
 - (C) Use molecular analysis to look for the protein keratin.
 - (D) Examine the teeth.
 - (E) Look for the presence of milk-producing glands.
- 54. Which of the following statements about connective tissue is **INCORRECT**?
 - (A) Loose connective tissue binds to epithelial to underlying tissues and holds organ in place.
 - (B) Fibrous connective tissue is found in tendons and ligaments.
 - (C) Three types of connective tissue fibers are collagenous fibers, reticular fibers and elastic fibers.
 - (D) Both cartilage and bones are connective tissues, but blood composed of blood cells and cell fragments in blood plasma is not.
 - (E) Fibroblasts that secret proteins of extracellular matrix are one major cell type in connective tissue.

- 55. About human disorders due to chromosomal alterations, which of the following statements is **INCORRECT**?
 - (A) Down's syndrome is an aneuploid condition that results from three copies of chromosome 21.
 - (B) Turner syndrome is the only known viable monosomy X in female human.
 - (C) Klinefelter syndrome is the result of an extra chromosome in a male producing XXY individuals.
 - (D) Certain cancers, including chronic myelogenous leukemia are caused by chromosome translocation.
 - (E) cri du chat ("cry of the cat") syndrome results from a specific duplication of chromosome 5.

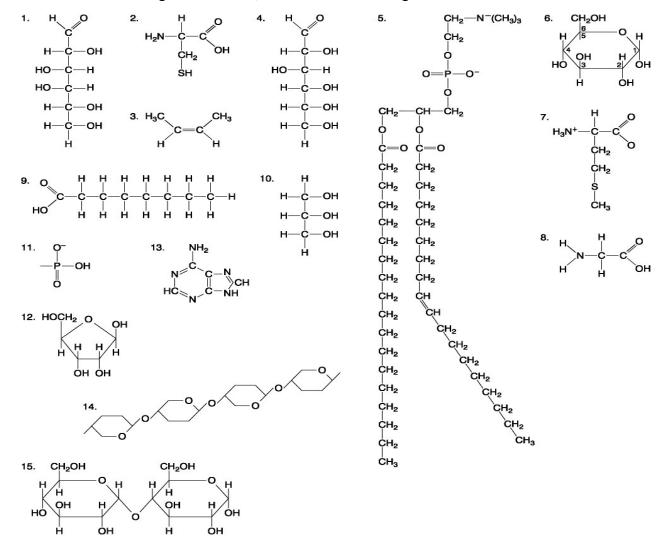
56. Which of the following description of the genetic term is **INCORRECT**?

- (A) Epistasis is a type of gene interaction in which the phenotypic expression of one gene alters that of another independently inherited gene.
- (B) Codominance is a situation in which the phenotypes of heterozygotes is intermediate between the phenotypes of individuals homozygous for either allele.
- (C) Pleiotropy is the ability of a single gene to have multiple effects.
- (D) Epigenetic inheritance is the inheritance of traits transmitted by mechanisms not directly involving the nucleotide sequence of a genome.
- (E) Polygenic inheritance is an addictive effect of two more genes on a single phenotype.

57. About cell membrane, which of the following statements is **NOT** TRUE?

- (A) Cell membranes are fluid mosaics of lipid and proteins, and the phospholipid bilayer is the basic building block of the membrane.
- (B) Most of the phospholipids can shift about laterally in the plane of the membrane, but it is quite rare for phospholipids to flip-flop transversely across the membrane because the hydrophilic part of the molecule must cross the hydrophobic interior of the membrane.
- (C) Phospholipids with saturated hydrocarbon tail pack more tightly, therefore decreasing membrane fluidity and viscosity.
- (D) The presence of unsaturated hydrocarbon tails in phospholipids can enhance membrane fluidity, because unsaturated hydrocarbon tails cannot pack together as closely as saturated carbon tails.
- (E) The steroid cholesterol in the plasma membrane of animal cells can change membrane fluidity and this effect is temperature-dependent.

58. Based on the following 15 molecules, which of the following statements is **NOT** TRUE?



- (A) 11, 12, and 13 could be linked together to form a nucleotide.
- (B) 5 is an important component of plasma membrane.
- (C) 2, 7, and 8 are molecules act as building blocks (monomers) of polypeptides.
- (D) 3 molecules of 9 and 1 molecule of 10 could be joined together to form a fat.
- (E) 11 and 13 could be joined together by a phosphodiester type of covalent bond.

- 59. About adrenal hormones, which of the following statements is **NOT** TRUE?
 - (A) The adrenal medulla secretes catecholamines including epinephrine and norepinephrine.
 - (B) Epinephrine and norepinephrine are secreted in response to stress-activated hormone cascade pathway via hypothalamus.
 - (C) The adrenal cortex releases a family of steroids called corticosteroids in response to stress.
 - (D) Humans produce two types of corticosteroids: glucocorticoids and mineralocorticoids.
 - (E) Both glucocorticoids and mineralocorticoids play an important role in regulating blood pressure and volume.
- 60. Which description is correct about virus infectious diseases?
 - (A) Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) is a mosquito-borne retrovirus that cause acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) of human.
 - (B) Dengue virus has four serotypes that all are zoonoses pathogens that are transmitted from animal to human by vector mosquitoes.
 - (C) Japanese encephalitis virus is a pathogen of zoonoses infectious disease that is transmitted between species from animal to human by vector mosquitoes.
 - (D) H7N9 is an avian influenza virus also a subtype of influenza B virus.
 - (E) Hepatitis B virus is a vector-borne virus that cause more than 80% infection in Taiwan.
- 61. Which option listed in below is **INCORRECT** that describe about "ATP synthesis"?
 - (A) H⁺ ions flowing down their gradient enter a half channel in a stator, which is anchored in the membrane.
 - (B) H⁺ ions enter binding site within a rotor, changing the shape of each subunit so that rotor spins within the membrane.
 - (C) Each H⁺ ion makes one complete turn before leaving the rotor and passing through a second half channel in the stator into the mitochondrial matrix.
 - (D) Spinning of the rotor causes an internal rod to spin as well. This rod extends like a stalk into the knob below it, which is held stationary by part of the stator.
 - (E) Turning of the rod activates catalytic sites in the knob that produce ATP from AMP and Pi.
- 62. Birds and mammals both have negative pressure breathing, but birds are more efficient because of which of the following reasons?
 - (A) The bird's mouth movements are able to force air into the lungs.
 - (B) The tidal volume in birds is much larger than in a comparably sized mammal.
 - (C) The flow of air in a bird's lungs is from posterior to anterior.
 - (D) The brain of the bird maximizes oxygen uptake more efficiently.
 - (E) The maximum PO₂ is significantly higher in bird lungs.
- 63. Choose the **INCORRECT** description regarding the hearing system of human.
 - (A) The cochlea can distinguish volume because the basilar membrane is not uniform along its length.
 - (B) The ear conveys information to the brain about two important sound variables that are volume and pitch.
 - (C) Three bones of the middle ear transmit the vibrations to the oval window.
 - (D) The cochlea has two large canals, an upper vestibular canal and a lower tympanic canal, which separated by a smaller cochlear duct.
 - (E) The hearing system of human is a mechanoreceptor system.
- 64. Which comment about "Global Climate Model" is **INCORRECT**?
 - (A) Global climate patterns are determined largely by the input of solar energy and Earth's movement in space.
 - (B) Thermal energy from sunlight warms surface waters to whatever depth the sunlight penetrates, but the deeper waters reamin quite cold.
 - (C) Many features in the environment influence microclimate by casting shade, altering evaporation from soil, or changing wind patterns.
 - (D) Climatic variables affect the geographic ranges of most plants and animals, any large-scale change in Earth's climate profoundly affect the biosphere.
 - (E) Climate pattern can be modifed by many factors, including seasonal variation.
- 65. All of the followings have contributed to the diversity of organisms on the Hawaiian archipelago **EXCEPT** that
 - (A) The islands are distant from the mainland.
 - (B) Multiple invasions have occurred.
 - (C) Adaptive radiation has occurred.
 - (D) The islands are very young in geologic time.
 - (E) Environmental conditions differ from one island to the next.
- 66. What is systems biology approach?
 - (A) is to define gene curcuit and protein interaction network.
 - (B) sequencing and analyzing whole genome sequence.
 - (C) constructing a linkage map on the chromosome.
 - (D) using bioinformatics tool to analyze gene expression and protein structure.
 - (E) is attempt to integrate different levels of information in order to understand the operation of biological systems.

67.	The following events are steps of neural transmission at a chemical synapse. Please choose the correct sequence of events. (1) Neurotransmitter binds with receptors associated with the postsynaptic membrane. (2) Calcium ions rush into neuron's cytoplasm. (3) The ligand-gated ion channels open. (4) An action potential depolarizes the membrane of the axon terminal. (5) The synaptic vesicles release neurotransmitter into the synaptic cleft.
	(A) $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 5$ (B) $2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 1$ (C) $3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 4$ (D) $4 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 3$ (E) $5 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4$
68.	Most of the dry weight of a plant is the result of uptake of (A) carbohydrates in the root hairs and concentration in the root cortex (B) water and minerals through root hairs (C) water and minerals through mycorrhizae (D) CO ₂ through stoma (E) CO ₂ and O ₂ through stomata in leaves
69.	A researcher is trying to construct a molecular-based phylogeny of the entire animal kingdom. Assuming that none of the following genes is absolutely conserved, which of the following would be the best choice on which to base the phylogeny? (A) genes involved in eye-lens synthesis (B) genes that cause radial body symmetry (C) genes involved in chitin synthesis (D) collagen genes (E) beta-catenin genes
70.	Carbon dioxide (CO ₂) is released during which of the following stages of cellular respiration? (A) oxidation of pyruvate to acetyl CoA and the citric acid cycle (B) glycolysis and the oxidation of pyruvate to acetyl CoA (C) fermentation and glycolysis (D) the citric acid cycle and oxidative phosphorylation (E) oxidative phosphorylation and fermentation
71.	Species of amphibians belonging to the same genus occasionally mate, but their offsprings do not survive. This is an example of
72.	A solution of starch at room temperature does not readily decompose to form a solution of simple sugars because (A) starch hydrolysis is nonspontaneous (B) starch cannot be hydrolyzed in the presence of so much water (C) the activation energy barrier for this reaction cannot be surmounted (D) the hydrolysis of starch to sugar is endergonic (E) the starch solution has less free energy than the sugar solution
73.	When an individual is subject to short-term starvation, most available food is used to provide energy (metabolism) rather than building blocks (growth and repair). Which hormone would be particularly active in times of food shortage? (A) antidiuretic hormone (B) insulin (C) epinephrine (D) glucagon (E) oxytocin
74.	While sampling marine plankton in a lab, a student encounters large numbers of fertilized eggs. The student rears some of the eggs in the laboratory for further study and finds that the blastopore becomes the mouth. The embryo develops into a trochophore larva and eventually has a true coelom. These eggs probably belonged to a(n) (A) arthropod (B) nematode (C) echinoderm (D) mollusk (E) chordate
75.	How is habitat fragmentation related to biodiversity loss? (A) Populations of organism in fragments are smaller and more susceptible to extinction. (B) The tempature in fragments rises to cause biodiversity loss. (C) To keep biodiversity hot spot. (D) Less absorption of carbon dioxide by plants in fragments. (E) Environmental toxins are stable in fragments.

後醫-英文

題號	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
答案	A	A	C	E	E	A	В	E	A	A	В	D	C	В	A	C	Е	В	A	C
題號	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
答案	Е	C	C	В	C	В	В	D	D	В	A	Е	C	A	В	В	D	В	Е	В
題號	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
答案	Е	В	A	C	В	D	В	D	D	В	A	C	A	C	D					

後醫-有機化學

題號	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
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題號	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
答案	C	A	C	A	В	D	C	E	В	D	C	В	В	В	D	A	D	В	В	C
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題號	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
答案	D	В	A	D	В	A	В	C	A	В	C	C	В	D	E	C	В	C	D	C

後醫-普通生物學

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題號	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
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答案	C	В	C	C	В	В	C	E	E	D	C	D	A	E	D	В	D	C	D	В
題號	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
答案	A	В	В	D	Е	E	C	В	E	A	В	C	D	D	E	В	C	E	В	C
題號	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75					
答案	E	Е	Α	В	D	E	D	D	D	Α	Α	C	D	D	Α					